5.2 SINGLE-PHASE HALF-WAVE AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLER

- It consists of one thyristor in antiparallel with one diode.
- Then SCR is forward biased during positive half cycle, it is turned on at firing angle α .
- Load voltage at once jumps to Vm sin ω t, likewise load current becomes Vm sin α .
- Thyristor get turned off at $\omega t = \prod$ for R load. After $\omega t = \prod$, negative half cycle forward biases diode DI, therefore DI conducts from $\omega t = \prod$ to $2\prod$.
- Only positive half cycle onduction can be controlled, by varying firing angle negative half cycle cannot be controlled. So single-phase half wave voltage controller is also called single phase unidirectional voltage controller. From the Figure it is understood that positive half cycle is not identical with negative half-cycle for both voltage and current waveforms. As a result, dc component is introduced in the supply and load circuits which is undesirable.

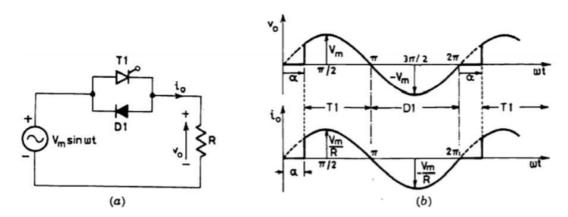


Figure 5.2.1 Single Phase AC voltage controller

[Source: "Power Electronics" by P.S.Bimbra, Khanna Publishers Page: 396]

RMS VALUE OF OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF SINGLE PHASE UNIDIRECTIONAL VOLTAGE CONTROLLER:

$$\begin{split} &V_{\text{or}} = \pi \Bigg[\frac{1}{2\pi} \int\limits_{\alpha}^{2\pi} V_{\text{m}}^2 \text{sin} \,^2 \omega t d(\omega t) \Bigg]^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &V_{\text{or}}^2 = \frac{V_{\text{m}}^2}{4\pi} \int\limits_{\alpha}^{2\pi} (1 - \cos 2\omega t) d(\omega t) \\ &V_{\text{or}}^2 = \frac{V_{\text{m}}^2}{4\pi} \Bigg[(2\pi - \alpha) + \frac{\sin 2\alpha}{2} \Bigg] \\ &V_{\text{or}} = \frac{V_{\text{m}}}{2} \Bigg[\frac{1}{\pi} \Bigg[(2\pi - \alpha) + \frac{\sin 2\alpha}{2} \Bigg] \Bigg]^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &I_{\text{or}} = \frac{V_{\text{or}}}{R} \end{split}$$

AVERAGE VALUE OF OUTPUT VOLTAGE:

$$\begin{split} &V_o = \left[\frac{1}{2\pi} \int\limits_{\alpha}^{2\pi} V_m \sin \ \omega t d(\omega t) \right] \\ &V_o = \frac{V_m}{2\pi} \left(-\cos \omega o \right)_{\alpha}^{2\pi} \\ &V_o = \frac{V_m}{2\pi} \left(\cos \alpha - 1 \right) \end{split}$$

SINGLE PHASE FULL WAVE AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLER

- It consists of two SCRs connected in antiparallel.
- During positive halfcycle T1 is triggered at firing angle , it conducts from wt
 = α to ∏ for R load.
- During negative half cycle,T2 is triggered at wt = ∏ + α, it conducts from rot
 = Π

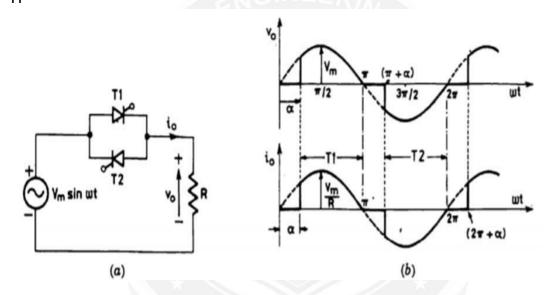


Figure 5.2.2 Single-phase full-wave ac voltage controller

[Source: "Power Electronics" by P.S.Bimbra, Khanna Publishers Page: 397]

It has been stated above that ac voltage controllers are phase-controlled converters, the phase relationship between the start of load current and the supply voltage is controlled by varying the firing angle. These are called phase- controlled ac voltage controllers or ac voltage controllers. Single phase full-wave ac voltage controller is also called single phase bidirectional voltage-controller.